Filed: June 25, 2003

AMENDMENT AND RESPONSE TO OFFICE ACTION

Amendment

In the Claims

Claim 1-31 (Canceled).

32. (Currently amended) A substrate comprising a surface having a polymeric coating

thereon formed by free radical polymerization of a biocompatible, substantially water soluble

macromer comprising at least two free radical polymerizable substituents,

wherein the coating further comprises one or more polysaccharides, and

wherein the substrate is a textured an implantable material.

Claims 33-35 (Canceled).

36. (Currently amended) The substrate of claim 32, wherein the implantable textured

material is selected from the group consisting of woven material, a velour and an expanded

membrane.

37. (Previously presented) The substrate of claim 32, wherein the macromer is

poly(ethylene glycol) and the free radical polymerizable substituents comprise carbon-carbon

double bonds.

38. (Currently amended) The substrate of claim 32, wherein the polymeric coating is

formed on the substrate surface by:

a) applying to the surface the macromer and a free radical polymerization initiator; and

b) exposing the initiator to an agent to activate the initiator to cause the polymerization of

the macromers macromer to form the polymeric coating on the surface.

45065796.1 2 UTSB 493 CIP CON (5)

077931/00039

U.S.S.N. 10/607,247 Filed: June 25, 2003

AMENDMENT AND RESPONSE TO OFFICE ACTION

39. (Previously presented) The substrate of claim 38, wherein the initiator is selected

from the group consisting of visible light or long wavelength ultraviolet light-activatable free

radical initiators, thermal activatable free radical initiators, benzoyl peroxide, potassium

persulfate and ammonium persulfate.

40. (Currently amended) The substrate of claim 32, wherein the polymeric coating is

formed on the substrate surface by:

a) applying to the surface a mixture comprising a free radical polymerization initiator

with the macromer to form a mixture; and

b) exposing the mixture to an agent to activate the initiator to cause the polymerization of

the macromers macromer to form the polymeric coating on the surface.

41. (Previously presented) The substrate of claim 40, wherein the initiator is selected

from the group consisting of visible light or long wavelength ultraviolet light-activatable free

radical initiators, thermal activatable free radical initiators, benzoyl peroxide, potassium

persulfate and ammonium persulfate.

42. (Previously presented) The substrate of claim 32, wherein the polysaccharide is

selected from the group consisting of alginate, hyaluronic acid, chondroitin sulfate, dextran,

dextran sulfate, heparin, heparin sulfate, heparan sulfate, chitosan, gellan gum, xanthan gum,

guar gum, water soluble cellulose derivatives, and K-carrageenan.

45065796.1

3

UTSB 493 CIP CON (5) 077931/00039